



# **Spare Parts' Inventory Management Forecasting, Optimization, and Simulation**

**By: Hadi Mosadegh**

**Department of Industrial Engineering  
Amirkabir University of Technology (Tehran Polytechnic)**

# An Overview

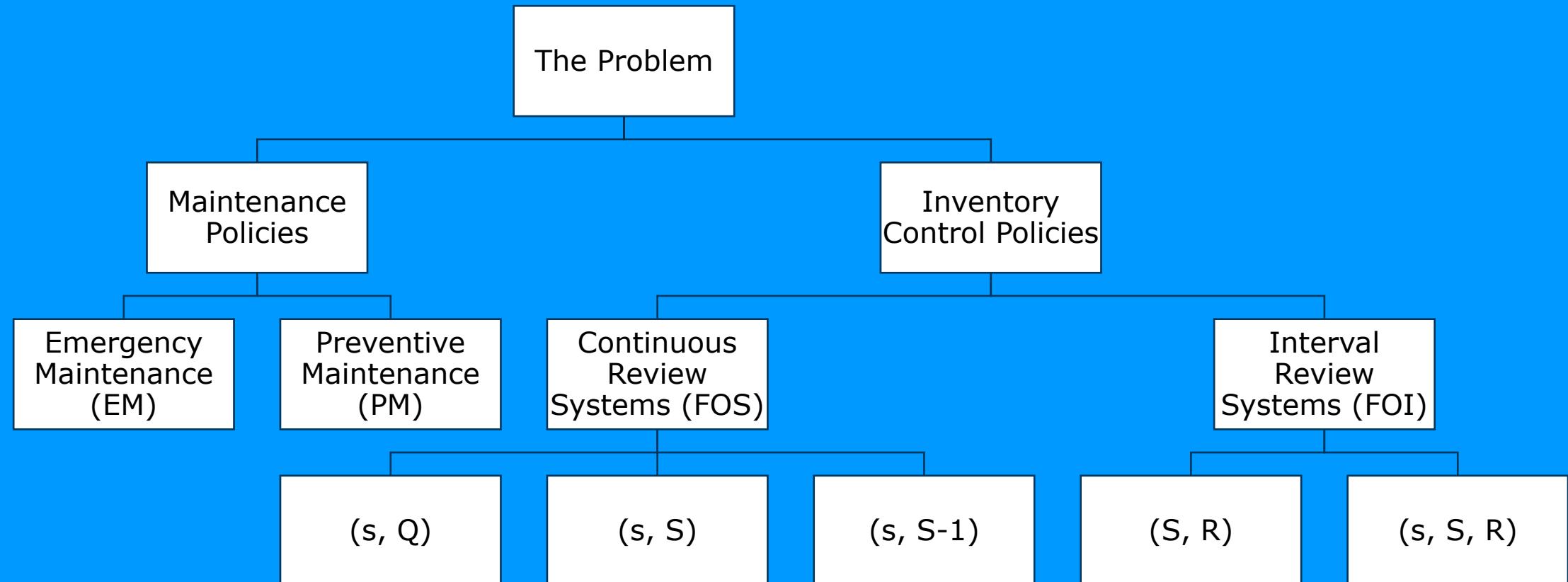
- ❖ Problem definition
- ❖ Forecasting models
- ❖ Optimization models
- ❖ Simulation models
- ❖ Implementation

# Problem Definition



- ❖ Maintaining the right amount of each spare part not only controls maintenance costs, but also speeds up the execution and maintenance schedule.
- ❖ The problem is to determine an optimal inventory control policy to decide on the time and amount of spare parts order.
- ❖ The purpose of this project is to provide a practical model to solve this problem in a car manufacturing company.
- ❖ In order to provide a suitable model, maintenance and inventory management issues should be considered.

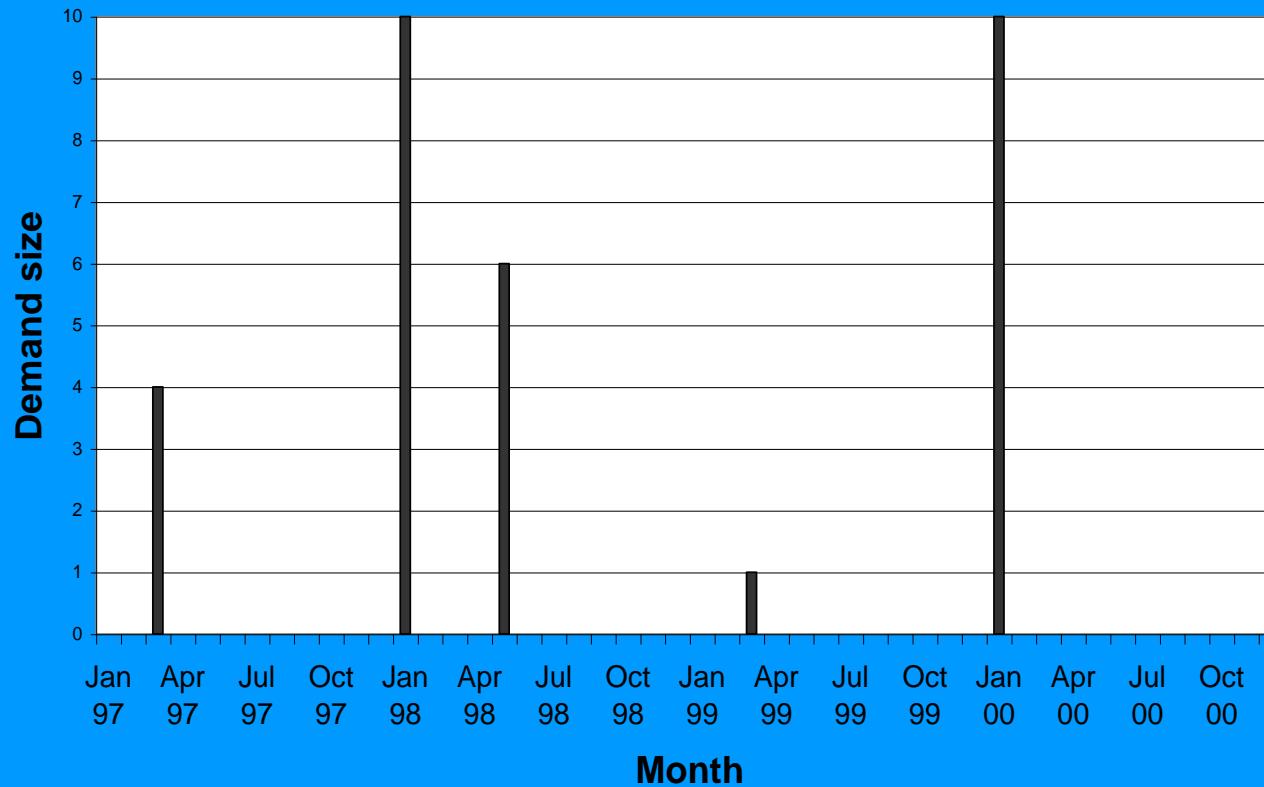
# Maintenance and Inventory Control



# Forecasting of Spare Part's Demand

	Demand Pattern	Recommended Forecasting Method
High Volume Consumption	Stationary Constant Failure Rate	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Moving Average</li><li>• Weighted Moving Average</li><li>• Exponential Smoothing</li><li>• Linear Regression</li></ul>
Low Volume Consumption	Non-Intermittent	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Moving Average</li><li>• Exponential Smoothing</li></ul>
	Intermittent	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Moving Average</li><li>• Croston</li><li>• Bootstrap</li></ul>

# Intermittent Demand



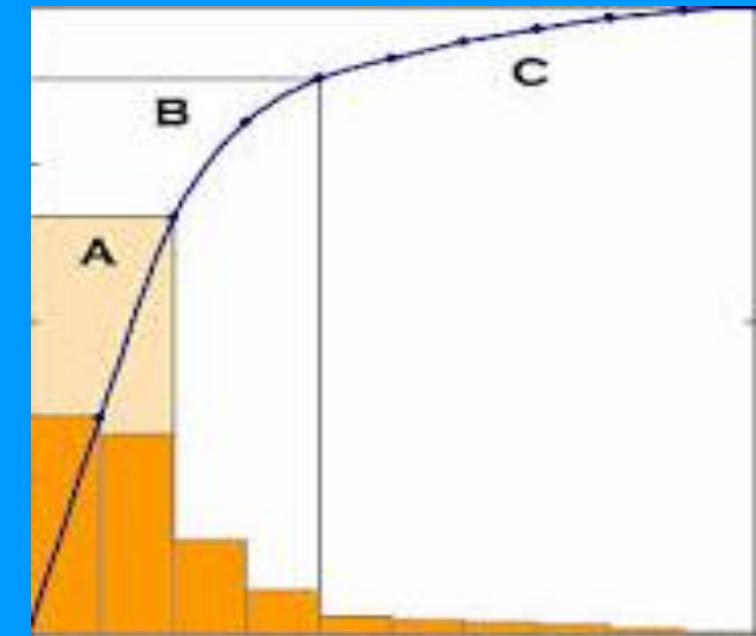
$$\hat{X}_n = \alpha x_n + (1 - \alpha) \hat{X}_{n^*} \quad 0 < \alpha < 1$$
$$\hat{m}_n = \beta(n - n^*) + (1 - \beta) \hat{m}_{n^*} \quad 0 < \beta < 1$$
$$\hat{X}_{n,n+t} = \left(1 - \frac{\beta}{2}\right) \frac{\hat{X}_n}{\hat{m}_n} \quad t = 1, 2, 3, \dots$$



# ABC Analysis of Spare Parts

- ❖ Recommended inventory control policies based on ABC groups:

Group	FOS	FOI
A	$(S - 1, S)$ or $(s, Q)$	$(R, s, S)$
B	$(s, Q)$	$(R, S)$
C	EOQ or $(s, S)$	$(R, S)$ or EOQ



# Two-Stage Modeling: (s, Q) Policy

$$\min \sum_s P_s \times TC_s$$

s.t.

$$I_{t-1,s}^+ - I_{t-1,s}^- + Q_{t-L} = d_{t,s} + I_{t,s}^+ - I_{t,s}^- \quad \forall t, s$$

$$Q_t \leq Mx_t \quad \forall t$$

$$TC_s = HC_s + SC_s + OC_s$$

$$HC_s = h \sum_t I_{t,s}^+, SC_s = b \sum_t I_{t,s}^-, OC_s = A \sum_t x_t$$

$$x_t \in \{0,1\} \quad \forall t$$

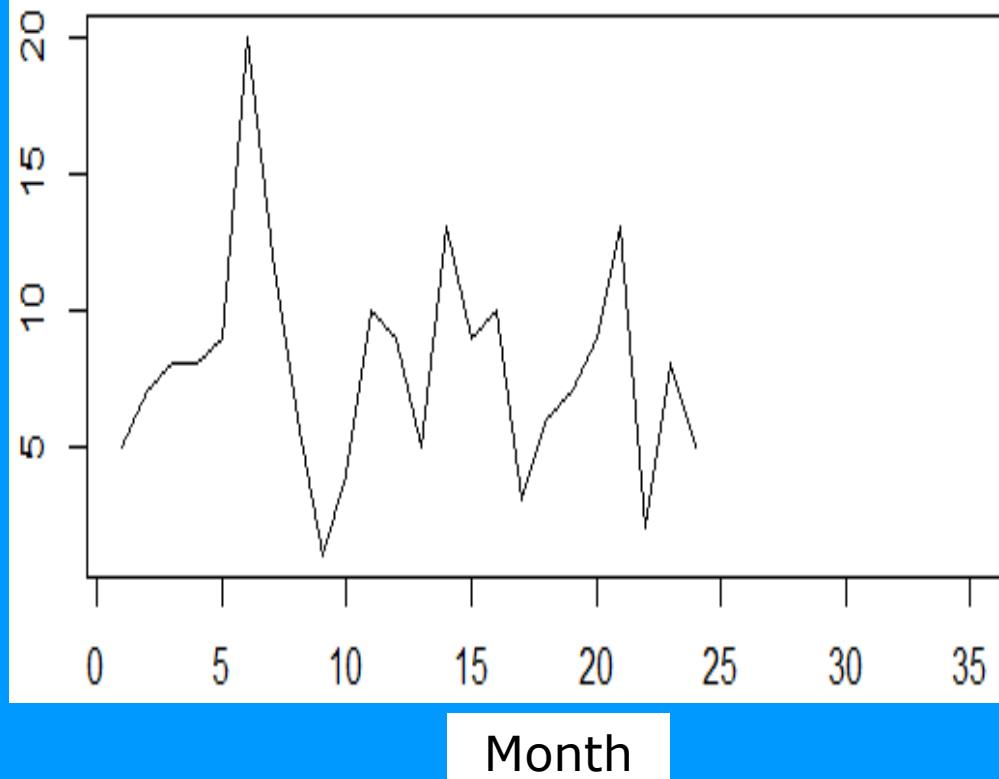
$$I_{t,s}^+, I_{t,s}^-, Q_t \geq 0 \quad \forall t, s$$

# Two-Stage Modeling: $(S-1, S)$ Policy

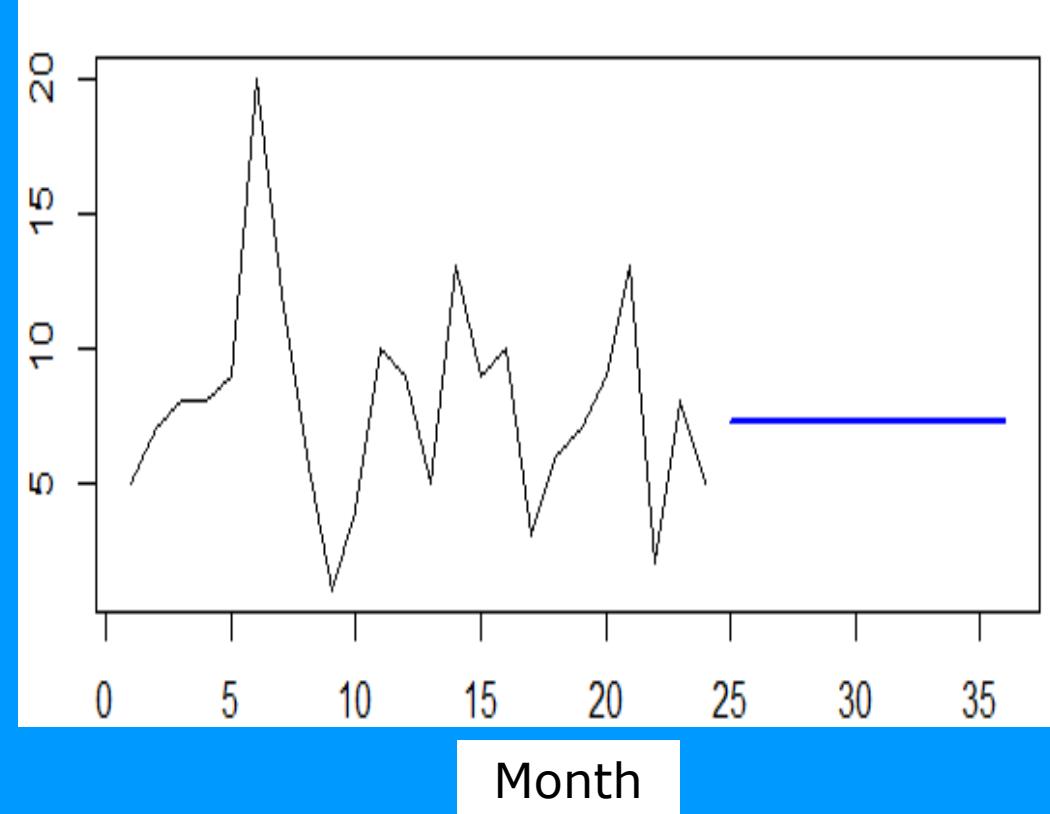
$$\begin{aligned} \min \quad & \sum_s P_s \times \left( h \sum_t I_{t,s}^+ + b \sum_t I_{t,s}^- + A \sum_t x_{t,s} \right) \\ \text{s.t.} \quad & I_{t-1,s}^+ - I_{t-1,s}^- + Q_{t-L,s} = I_{t,s}^+ - I_{t,s}^- + d_{t,s} \quad \forall t, s \\ & Q_{t,s} \leq M x_{t,s} \quad \forall t, s \\ & S \geq I_{t,s}^+ - I_{t,s}^- \quad \forall t, s \\ & x_{t,s} \in \{0,1\} \quad \forall t, s \\ & Q_{t,s} \geq 0 \quad \forall t, s \\ & S \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

# An Example of forecasting

Demand



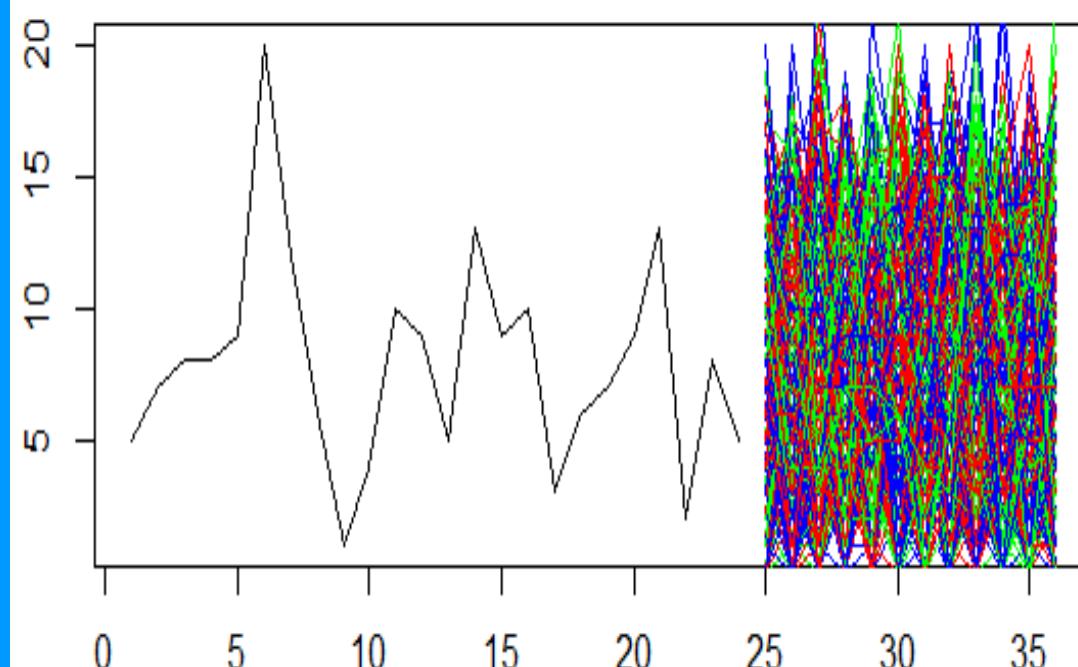
(a) A 12-month historical data



(b) Forecast of the next 12 month

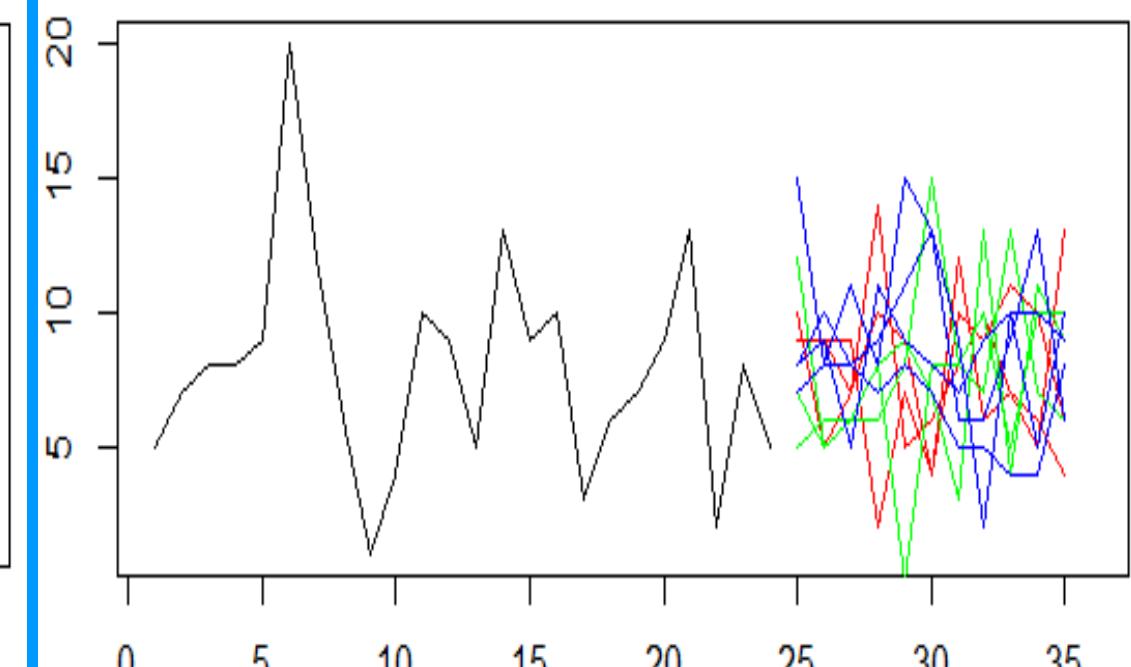
# An Example of simulation

Demand



Month

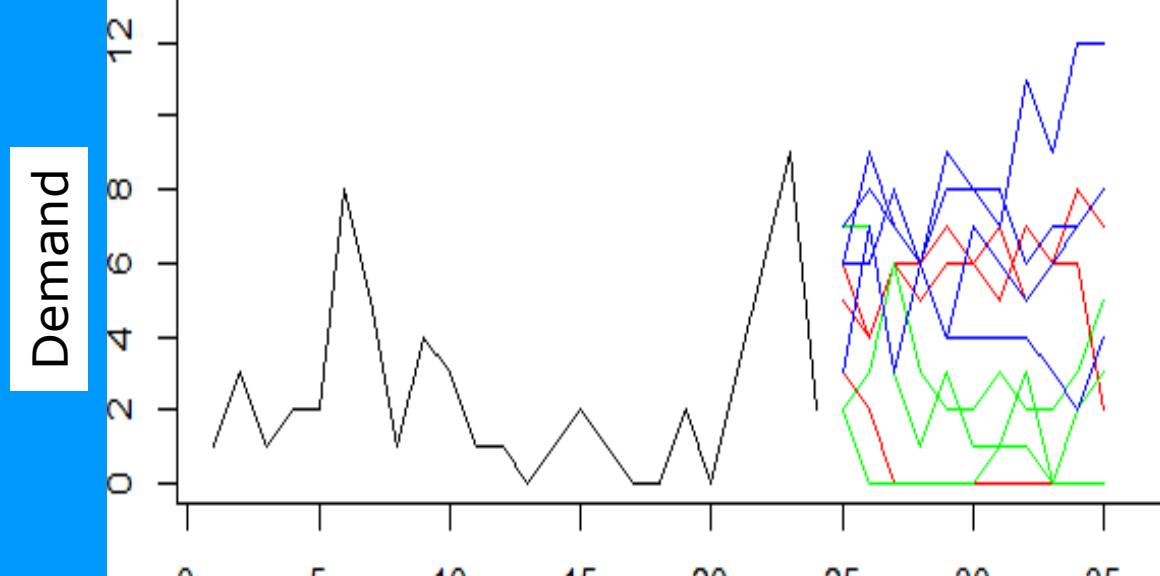
(a) Simulating 1000 scenarios



Month

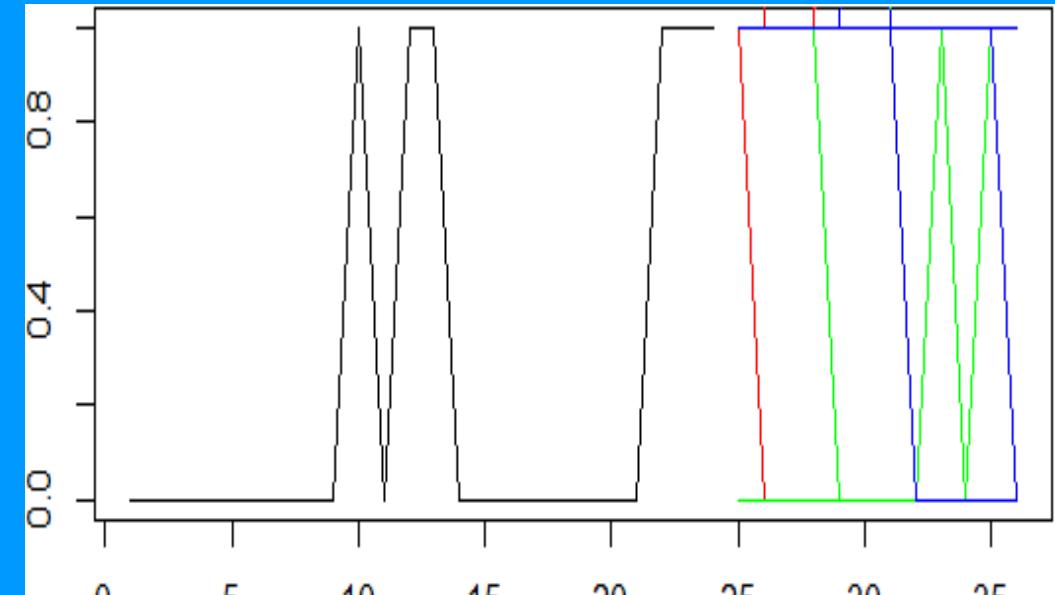
(b) Reducing to 10 scenarios

# Non-Intermittent and Intermittent Demands



Month

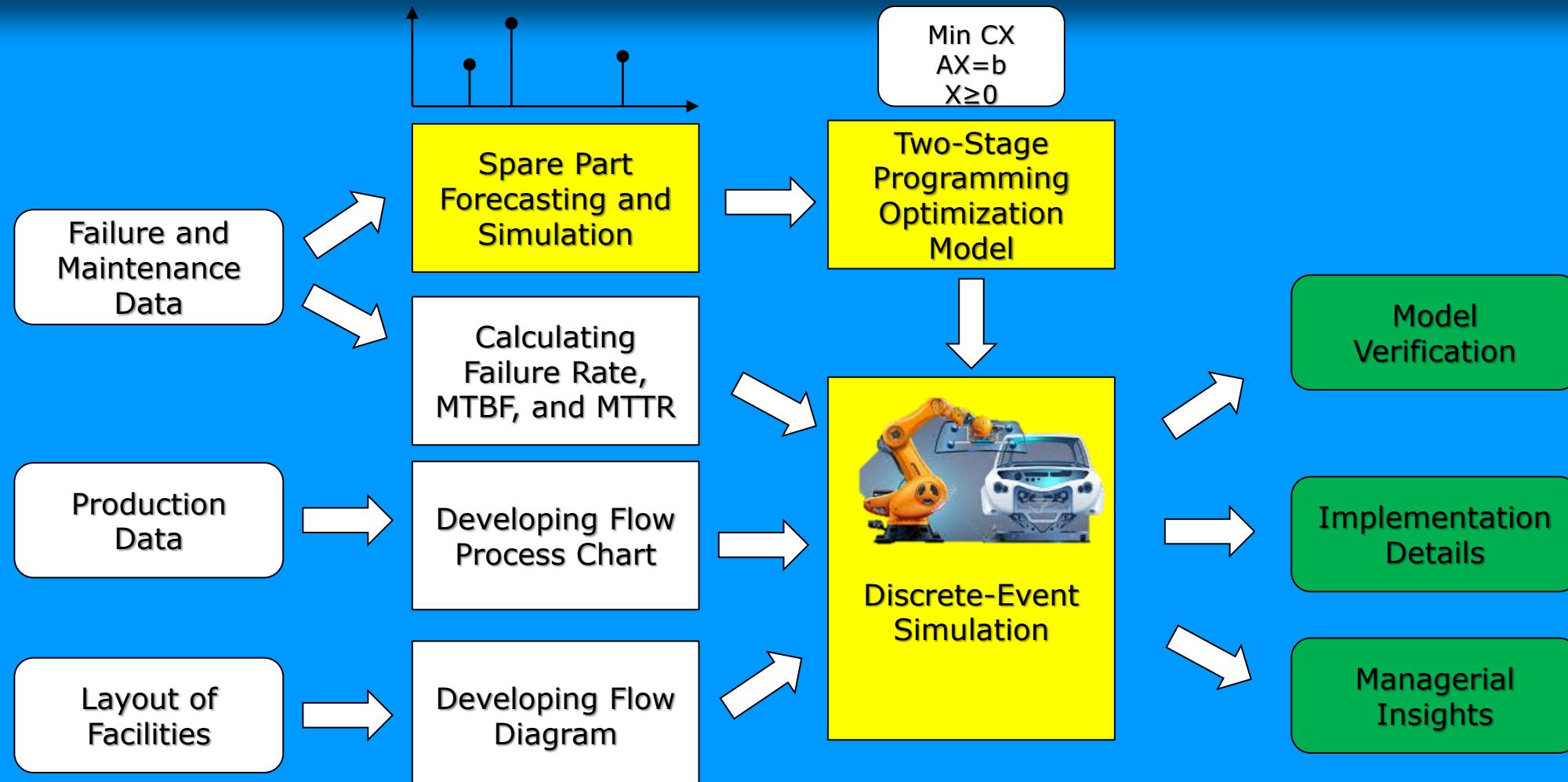
(a) Non-intermittent and stationary pattern



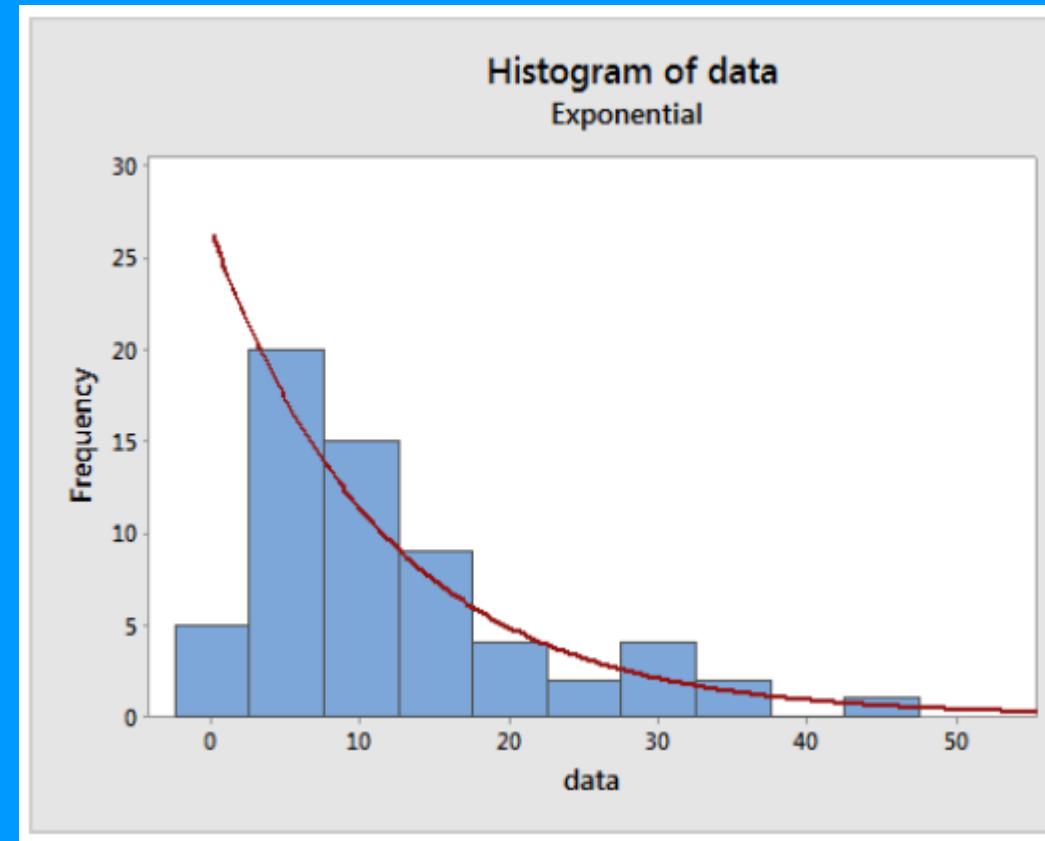
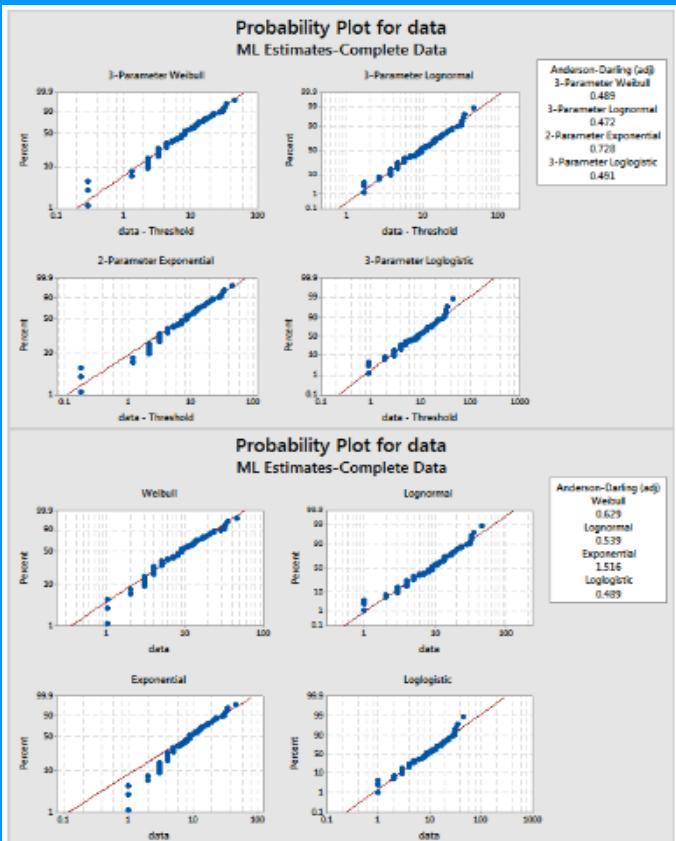
Month

(b) Intermittent and lumpy pattern

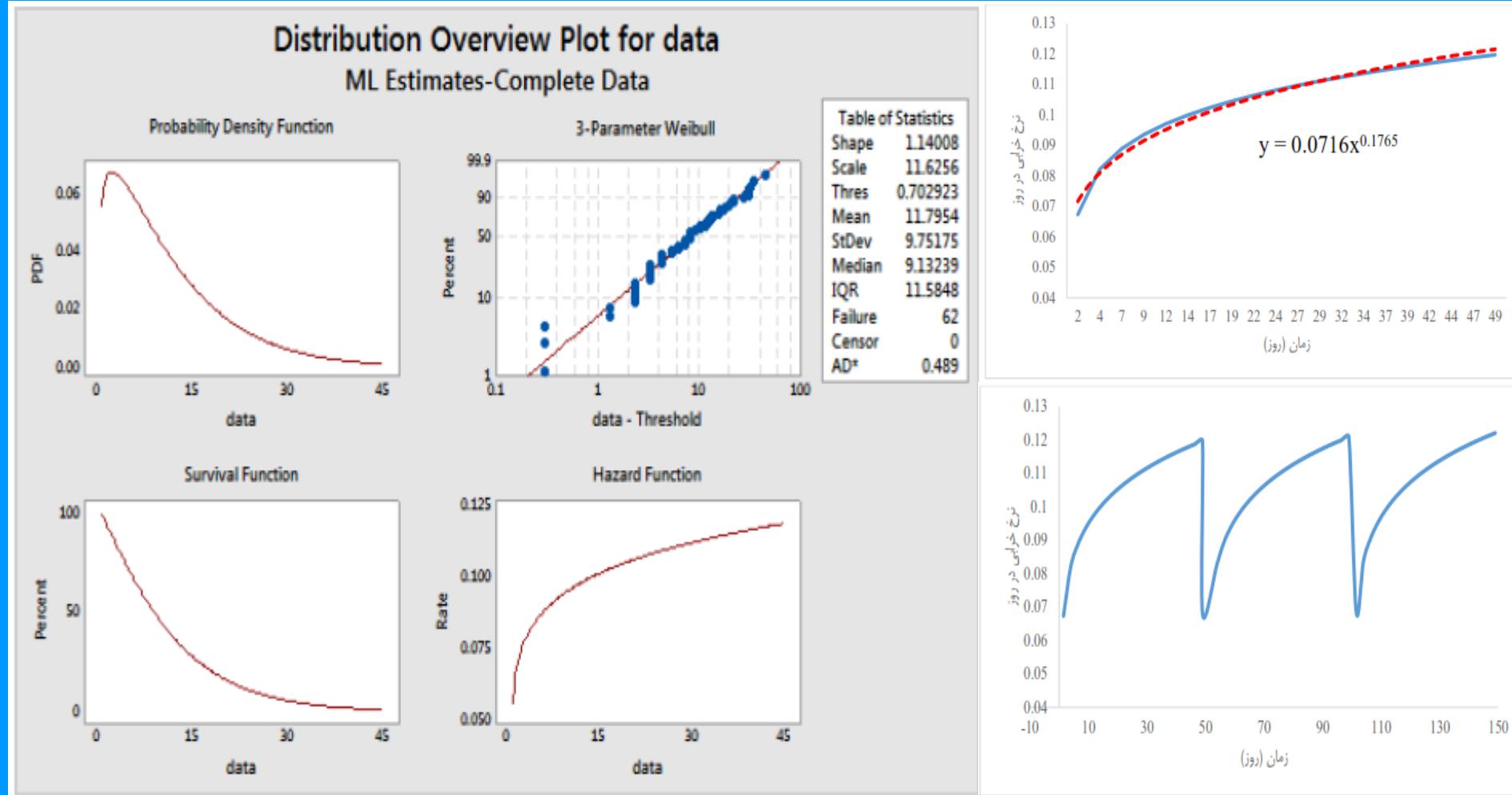
# The Comprehensive Model



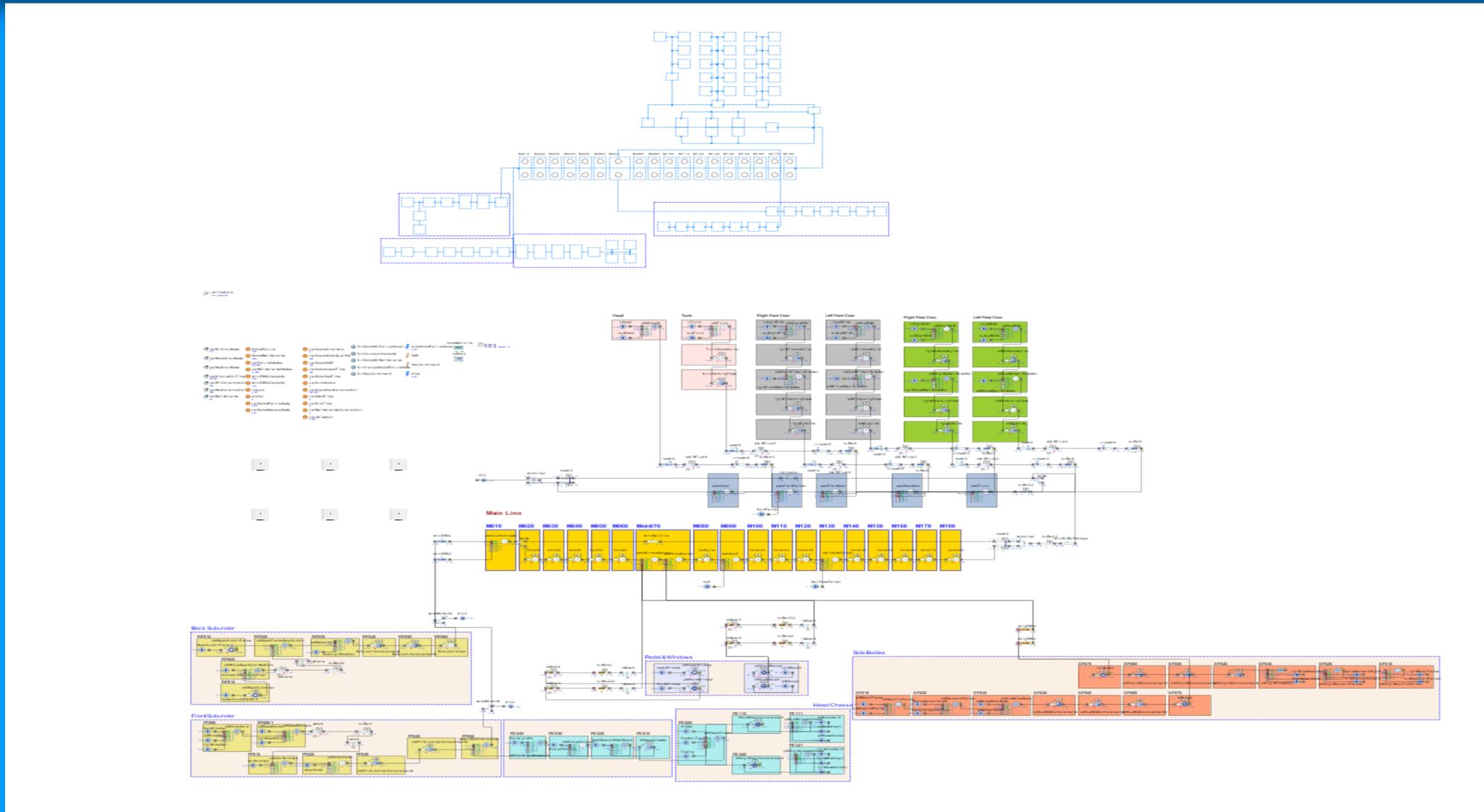
# Failure Rate Estimation



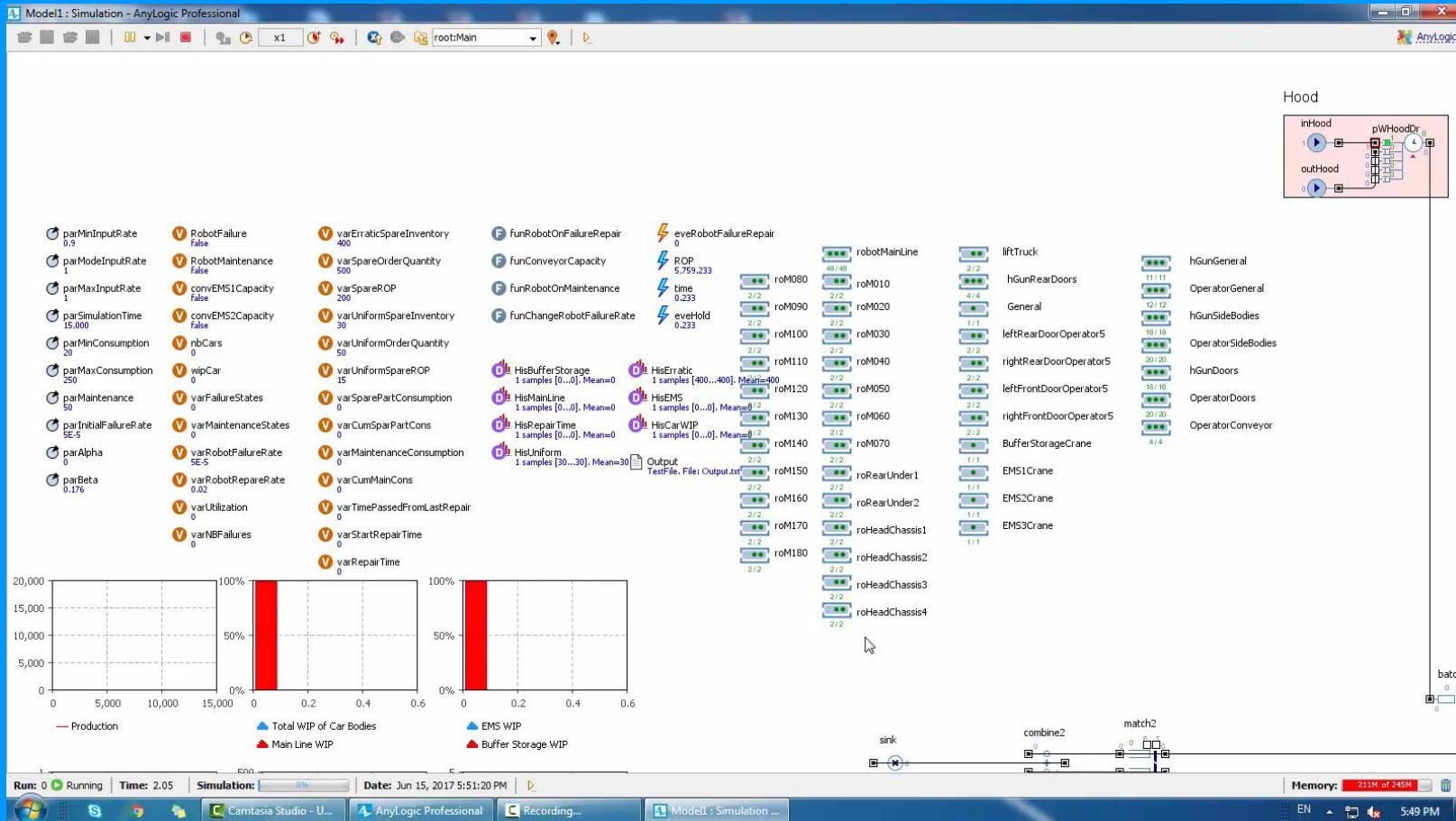
# Failure Function Estimation of Robots



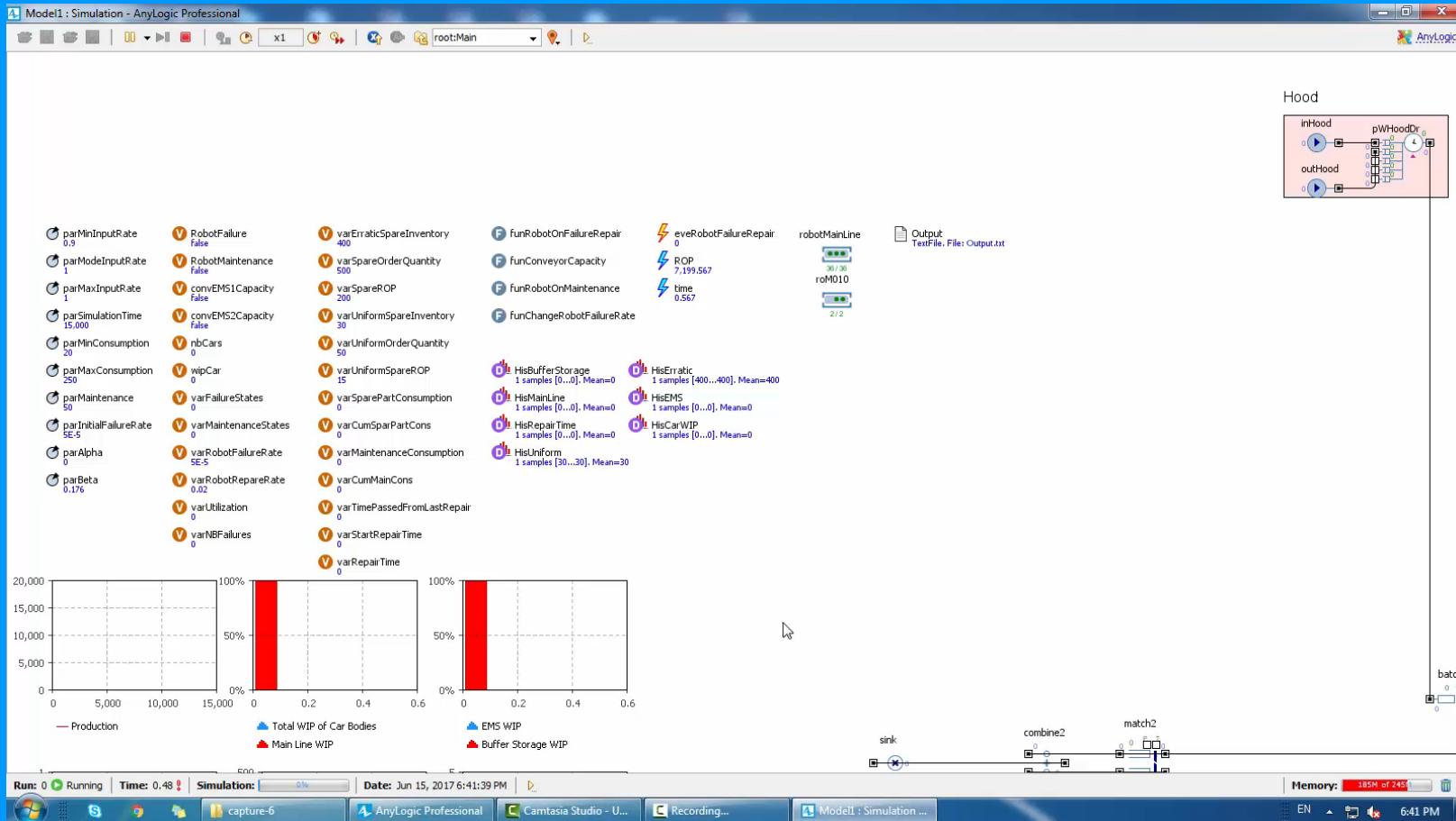
# Discrete-Event Simulation in AnyLogic



# Discrete-Event Simulation in AnyLogic



# Discrete-Event Simulation in AnyLogic



# Implementation

Spare Part Card Index														
Part Code		Description												
-		-												
Month	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total	Prob. %
Year ?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	-
Year ?	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	4	-
Forecast	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	2	Croston
Scenario 1	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	21	12%
Scenario 2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	9%
Scenario 3	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	6%
Scenario 4	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	7	4%
Scenario 5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	17	9%
Scenario 6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6%
Scenario 7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	38%
Scenario 8	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	7	6%
Scenario 9	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	13	6%
Scenario 10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	11	6%
Order Quan.	14												14	
Inventory, Lead time and order info					I <sub>0</sub>	0								
(s,Q)	✓	P	37,000	Ī										
(S-1,S)		b	-	s	2									
EOQ	✓	h	9,250	Q	14									
(R, S)		A	500,000	S										
(R, s, S)		LT	3	R										

Thank you for your attention.

Any questions?